

# THE GREATER PALAIS ROYAL

A. LISNER. Hours, 8:30 to 6. G STREET.

## New Beds at September Sale Prices

### Brass Beds

Foster's Ideal Brass Beds, guaranteed not to tarnish. Learn of the sale prices. Go to fourth floor.

\$16.50 Foster Beds.....	\$10.00
\$20.00 Foster Beds.....	\$12.50
\$23.00 Foster Beds.....	\$13.50
\$25.00 Foster Beds.....	\$15.00
\$27.00 Foster Beds.....	\$18.00
\$30.00 Foster Beds.....	\$19.50
\$32.00 Foster Beds.....	\$21.00
\$36.50 Foster Beds.....	\$28.00
\$40.00 Foster Beds.....	\$30.00
\$47.00 Foster Beds.....	\$36.00
\$52.00 Foster Beds.....	\$40.00
\$65.00 Foster Beds.....	\$50.00
\$75.00 Foster Beds.....	\$63.50



### Outfit, \$21.50

Red, Spring, Mattress.

How long will one hundred (100) of these outfits remain here? See the brass bed—and learn that \$21.50 is alone less than the usual price. Now examine the spring and the mattress. All for \$21.50. Need you not hurry?

## Stationery

French Lawn Correspondence Cards, 24 cards and 24 envelopes to match, 20c value. Boxed.....	10c
Trinity Organic-Ink Writing Paper, Regular 25c quality. Pound.....	15c
Trinity Envelopes to match, 10c value.....	7c
"Rosaline" Linen Writing Paper, 60 sheets of paper and 60 envelopes to match, 25c value.....	17c

### Best Springs

\$4.00 Springs.....	\$2.75
\$4.50 Springs.....	\$2.98
\$5.50 Springs.....	\$4.00
\$6.50 Springs.....	\$4.75
\$8.00 Springs.....	\$6.00
\$9.50 Springs.....	\$7.00
\$18.00 Springs.....	\$13.50
\$20.00 Springs.....	\$15.00

### Best Mattresses

\$10.00 Mattresses.....	\$4.98
\$12.00 Mattresses.....	\$8.00
\$14.00 Mattresses.....	\$10.00
\$18.00 Mattresses.....	\$12.00
\$20.00 Mattresses.....	\$15.00
\$25.00 Mattresses.....	\$18.00
\$25.00 Mattresses.....	\$18.00
\$30.00 Mattresses.....	\$22.00

## \$16.50 Dining Room Tables, Extending to 6 ft., \$9.00

Six \$4.00 Chairs, \$10.75 \$35.00 Buffets, \$25 \$18.00 China Cases, \$11.50

The table offered at \$9.00 is of solid oak, with 42-inch mirror-polish top, extending to 6 feet, with massive pedestal and carved claw feet, the table fully worth \$16.50. The Chairs with box frame, saddle seats, and highly polished, standard at \$3.00 each, are to be 6 for \$10.75. The Buffets to match at \$25.00, instead of \$35.00, and China Cases at \$11.50, instead of \$18.00, are included for September only. Note—The quantities of these lots are limited and the sale prices cannot be duplicated after the present lot is distributed. They'll not last many days this September, judging by the present demand.

Plenty of the More Expensive.

Note that Dining Room Tables are here at \$9.00 to \$60.00 instead of \$16.50 to \$100. Buffets at \$20.00 to \$115.00, instead of \$30.00 to \$162.00. China Cases, \$10.00 to \$90.00, instead of \$17.50 to \$140.00.

## Sheets Reduced, 39c, 53c, 69c

The standard 50c Bleached Sheets, 72x90 inches, are to be only 39c. The standard 65c Sheets, 81x90 inches, are to be 53c. The standard 80c Sheets, 81x90 inches, are to be only 69c. And special sale prices for all sheets up to \$12.00. The more expensive are hand-embroidered top sheets.

## 15c Pillowcases, 11c 20c Pillowcases, 15c

Learn that whether for these reliable "Standard" Pillowcases or for the finest made, the prices at the Greater Palais Royal are never more and generally less than prevailing.

## Lace Curtains Underpriced

The Savings Will Be From 20 to 60 Per Cent.

In this sale are thousands of pairs—more than 150 different designs. An extraordinary inducement to anticipate your needs for autumn-winter. Values not obtainable later.

Lot 1 Values \$4.00 to \$4.50.....	\$2.98	Lot 4 Values \$1.25 to \$1.50.....	98c
Lot 2 Values \$6.00 to \$7.50.....	\$4.98	Lot 5 Values \$2.00 to \$2.25.....	\$1.49
Lot 3 Values \$8.00 to \$12.00.....	\$7.50	Lot 6 Values \$2.50 to \$3.00.....	\$1.98

These several lots include Irish Point, Renaissance, Cluny, Brussels and novelty styles, 2½, 3 and 3½ yards long. All warranted perfect and desirable styles.

These three lots comprise the famous wear-resisting Scotch Lace Curtains. Choice patterns, some with plain centers, with overlaid corded edge.

Novelty Braided Curtains. White Muslin Curtains.

Lot 8 Values \$1.25 to \$1.60.....	98c	Lot 10 Values 75c to 98c.....	49c
Lot 9 Values \$2.50 to \$3.00.....	\$1.98	Lot 11 Values \$1.25 to \$1.50.....	98c

A. Lisner—THE PALAIS ROYAL—G and 11th Sts.

## RED MEN GATHER IN GREAT COUNCIL

(Continued from First Page.)

A. Crader, Robert T. Crowe, Henry H. Denhardt and Homer J. Northcutt, Louisiana-Louis, Boston, Henry J. Peltus and Henry Hunsicker, Maine—Arthur B. Cook, Henry R. Gillis, Frederick A. Hobbs and Ira C. Strout.

**Five From Maryland.**

Maryland—Henry L. Bennett, Thomas H. H. Blades, Philip E. Porter, Charles W. Townsend and Ellisha E. Twilley, Massachusetts—O. Frank Conner, George W. Emerson, Theodore R. Enmond, William A. Flinton, Willie E. Higgins and Frank H. Wymann.

Michigan—Charles H. Clippier.

Minnesota—Frank J. Hebl, Frank W. Haer and P. J. Scherger.

Mississippi—J. R. Young.

Missouri—Gus M. Penney, Adolph Popper and J. Scott Wolf.

Montana—Clair W. Robinson.

Nebraska—John H. Grosvenor and William D. Wood.

New Hampshire—Murrie D. Griffith, George F. Hersey, William T. Wallace and Joseph L. Wiggin.

New Jersey—Charles M. Curry, John H. Mason, William Newcorn, Harry J. Rathbone, John Thompson and John B. Wright.

New Mexico—Leon L. Godchaux.

New York—Stephen C. Bolton, Edward A. Davis, James W. Gallagher, Michael Murray, Olin T. Nye and James K. O'Connor.

North Carolina—J. R. Anderson, W. H. Lane, William J. Leary, sr., and Ben W. Taylor.

Ohio—Samuel B. Epler, Samuel M. Gorman, James C. Keer, Max Levy, A. F. Little and Valentine Rice.

Oklahoma—Robert Williamson.

Oregon—James A. Devlin and Theodore Fessler.

**Pennsylvania Well Represented.**

Pennsylvania—Harvey O. Burnett, Joseph Farley, William J. Kerns, William H. Long, John E. Moore, Walter R. Rod-

gers, Charles Schafer and Charles R. Whitits.

Rhode Island—Edward M. Burke and James Monroe.

South Carolina—Cole L. Blease, J. P. Carlisle, Otto Klettner and James G. Long, jr.

South Dakota—A. J. Schunk.

Tennessee—Charles R. Collins, J. H. Gullledge and A. B. Neil.

Texas—Harry O. Sappington and B. R. Wall.

Vermont—De Witt Davis.

Virginia—James L. Belote, Charles Burkert, Albert M. Tennie, Frank B. Varney and George W. Whitney.

Washington—E. P. Barker, E. O. Connor, G. U. Kincaid and George E. Morris.

West Virginia—William H. Bowers, Henry Mace Payne, Eddie Soubly and Theron C. Tanner.

Wisconsin—George W. Kane.

Wyoming—Louis R. Schmidt.

**Members of Committees.**

Great board of appeals, William H. Boyce, Delaware; Benjamin F. Morey, Pennsylvania; William H. Beck, Georgia. Committee on finance, C. E. Chamberlain, Illinois; U. H. Heister, Ohio; Emil W. Schablon, New Jersey. Committee on judiciary, Thomas J. McKee, Minnesota; Fred C. Temple, Michigan; James T. Rogers, New York. Committee on ceremonies, Alfred E. Lillison, Indiana; Joseph W. Boyd, Colorado; George A. Treadwell, Louisiana. National orphan's board, G. E. Green, New York; Joseph Ryan, Texas; Frank A. Day, Iowa. Committee on transportation, J. W. Salisbury, Florida. Committee on American Indian memorial and museum, H. E. Tompkins, Texas; C. E. Tolly, South Carolina; Theodore Fessler, Oregon. Committee on pensions, Carl Foster, Connecticut; George E. Green, New York; Frank A. Day, Iowa.

The new Pennsylvania railroad bridge over the Bush river, in Maryland, was put into service Sunday.

## ARMY AND NAVY UNION MEETS IN PHILADELPHIA

Elaborate Program Has Been Arranged for Entertainment of Veterans.

PHILADELPHIA, September 8.—Veterans of the Mexican war, the civil war and the Spanish-American conflict, as well as those who saw service in China and the land possessions, are holding the sixteenth annual encampment of the Army and Navy Union. In all about 5,000 veterans are expected.

An elaborate program for the visitors' entertainment has been arranged. The feature of the encampment will be a parade in which 10,000 uniformed men, including the veterans' wagon, and a brigade of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, will take part. Thursday the closing day of the encampment, will be known as Navy day and a fête will be given at the navy yard. Sixteen battleships, with armored cruisers, transports and a fleet of small war vessels, will be "dressed" for the occasion and thrown open to visitors. At night the ships will be illuminated and dances held on the decks. The enlisted men stationed at the yard have arranged a novel athletic meet for the day.

The union aims to elevate the social and material standing of enlisted men, encourages and aids legislation in their behalf and gives every energy to perpetuate patriotism. Its members have not limited to any particular war or service, but include all who have served honorably under the American flag.

**College Men to Purify Ballot.**

NEW YORK, September 8.—The Honored Ballot Association announces that 3,000 college graduates are being engaged by the association in an effort to eliminate fraud in the coming election. The organization rolls this fall. The students are to stand guard at the polls on registration day and elector day. The association is headed by the Columbia School of Journalism, is president of the association.

## THINK TARIFF DID PASS TONIGHT

Leaders Expect to Hold Senate in Session Until Vote Is Reached.

## CONFERENCE ON MEASURE PLACED AT TWO WEEKS

Upper House Today Considers Committee Amendments Except Such as Are Reserved.

The democratic tariff bill introduced by Majority Leader Underwood five months ago and passed by the House four months ago today, may pass the Senate before adjournment tonight. When the measure was called up early today by Chairman Simmons of the finance committee it was the intention to hold the Senate in session until a vote was reached. Leaders of both sides agreed that the bill surely would be reported back to the House some time tomorrow. In conference the measure is expected to be debated less than two weeks.

When the Senate convened, Senator Simmons moved that the Senate concur in the committee amendments, except such as were reserved. This was agreed to. Senator Underwood reserved amendments to the sugar schedule, several agricultural amendments, among them free wheat, free cattle, free meat, the income tax and several others.

Senator Starnes reserved the clause which provides that the force to collect the income tax shall not be under civil service. Senator La Follette, the wool and cotton schedules and income tax. Senator Brandegee, several paragraphs of the chemical, metal and sundries schedules. Senator Clapp reserved amendments to the sugar schedule, diamonds and wool. Senator Simmons also reserved amendments to the wool and leather paragraphs; Senator Smoot, diamonds and wool. Senator Simmons also reserved amendments to the wool and leather paragraphs; Senator Smoot, diamonds and wool.

### Dillingham Amendment Lost.

All but the reserved amendments being agreed to, Senator Dillingham called up the amendment proposing that the revenues from the income tax from each state be turned over to the respective states for good road improvements. The amendment was lost.

Foreign books were returned to the free list as originally provided by the House.

Senator Smoot moved to reduce the duty on cut, but not set diamonds, pearls and other precious stones from 20 per cent to 10 per cent. He said that he would not object to the high duty were it possible to collect it and prevent smuggling. The senator held in his hand eight pearls which he said cost \$78,000. "I move the senator pass them around," said Senator Reed.

### Would Break Up Big Fortunes.

Senator Norris of Nebraska called up his inheritance tax amendment proposing a graduated tax on inheritances from 1 per cent on \$50,000 to 15 per cent on bequests exceeding \$500,000. The senator asserted that his amendment was designed for the purpose of breaking up immense fortunes. The amendment provoked prolonged discussion. Senator Clapp said he would support the amendment, but he believed that the government should permit the people of great wealth like the Astors "to take what does not belong to them from the people, the government's only remedy being to try to get some of it back by taxation."

Having told the system by which abuses have come, the Minnesota senator asserted that the only thing to be done now was by taxation.

### Astor Fortune an Example.

Senator Norris took the case of Vincent Astor to illustrate the effect of his proposed bill. The younger Astor, he said, did not inherit the fortune of \$80,000,000 which he received from his father.

"Under this proposed amendment," said Senator Norris, "the tax Vincent Astor would be required to pay on his fortune would be \$43,750,000. He would have left more than \$36,000,000 tipped into his lap—a fortune made in millions of dollars by the people of the United States. It is time that the government should permit the people of great wealth like the Astors "to take what does not belong to them from the people, the government's only remedy being to try to get some of it back by taxation."

### Chilton Praises President.

Senator Chilton of West Virginia broke into the discussion with a set speech on the tariff. He praised President Wilson for his aid to Congress in the tariff deliberations. Asserting that the republican party cannot be brought to life again by protracting the debate, the senator asserted that the new progressive party was pressing for a hearing.

"Wednesday is the day," he said, "that its campaign of education has been thorough and that a progressive is only an overeducated capitalist, long on leadership and short on the Constitution. It is nevertheless, its chief antagonist is no longer the republican party."

### BOY'S DEATH ACCIDENT.

Coroner's Jury So Finds in Case of Elwood Paine.

That the death of Elwood Paine, seven years old, who died at the Sibley Hospital as a result of being run over by a wagon while playing in the street, was accidental, was the verdict of a coroner's jury at the District morgue today.

The boy, who lived at 16 Rhode Island avenue northwest, was skating in the street near his home last Friday witnessed told the jury. Edward Wright of 201 F street northwest, Edwin Alpus of 145 F street northwest and William Bennett of 1913 21 street northwest, all schoolboys, witnessed the accident and told the jury that Payne took a piece of ice from a wagon. They said he started to skate away from the wagon, was driven by Joseph Coll of 212 Canal street southwest, approached.

The jury was unable to stop, and as he approached the wagon his feet slipped from beneath him. He fell under one of the wheels, which passed over his body.

The boy was taken to his home and later removed to the Sibley Hospital, where an operation was performed. His death resulted yesterday from peritonitis.

### Disaster Attends Aeroplane Flight.

POINT A PITRE, Guadeloupe, September 8.—While a French aviator, Reybaud, was making an attempt for the first time in the history of Guadeloupe to fly over Point A Pitre yesterday, a storm of rain and wind gathered and had gathered collapsed. Twenty persons were injured. The aeroplane flight proved a failure, for the machine had scarcely risen from the ground when it caught in a wire fence, one of the wings being broken.

The old stone building on the corner of Washington and Locust streets, Hagerstown, Md., owned by Henry C. Folter, erected by Michael Devillibus in 1781, will be razed to make room for a three-story office and store building.

## EACH SIDE GREEDY; STRIKE IS RESOLUT

Bishop Donahue Tells of Conditions in West Virginia Coal Fields.

## CONFERENCE ON MEASURE PLACED AT TWO WEEKS

Upper House Today Considers Committee Amendments Except Such as Are Reserved.

The democratic tariff bill introduced by Majority Leader Underwood five months ago and passed by the House four months ago today, may pass the Senate before adjournment tonight. When the measure was called up early today by Chairman Simmons of the finance committee it was the intention to hold the Senate in session until a vote was reached. Leaders of both sides agreed that the bill surely would be reported back to the House some time tomorrow. In conference the measure is expected to be debated less than two weeks.

### Rich Flaunt Their Wealth.

Coming to the cause of the strike, the bishop quoted a line from the Psalms: "The rich man flunks his wealth and sets the poor man on fire"—and declared it applied to the situation in West Virginia. He added that infidelity had been taught to the miners; that they had been taught that the saying "the poor we have with us always" was a farce, and that the miners had just as much right to automobiles and to live in Kanawha street as the coal operators.

Senator Borah contended that if laboring men were not ambitious they would become contented with their lot, but as trustees for others, and that trusteeship should be shown by acts.

Senator Martine asked Bishop Donahue if the labor unions are not organized, in the opinion of the witness, for the good of the miners. The bishop hesitated until the question was repeated.

### Fat Salaries for Officers.

"That may be one," he said, "another is to furnish fat salaries to officers." "Did you ever hear of an officer that was worth \$20,000?" demanded Attorney Stedman for the United Mine Workers.

"I did not speak of accumulation; I referred to salaries," returned the bishop calmly.

Attorney Monnett, also for the miners, asked if the bishop thought galling guns, armored cars and bloodhounds were some of the things that set the soul of the miners on fire. The bishop responded that he considered the use of those weapons best governed by the common law, which allowed the use of arms when the user was "backed to the wall."

The bishop denied having come to Washington at the request of the coal operators to protest against former Immigration Commissioner O'Keefe stopping immigrants going to West Virginia mines because the mines were not unionized. The bishop declared he came on his own volition. He said the immigrants were possibly Catholics, but "they were not working at it hard."

"Well, they pay up, and that is what you want," suggested the attorney.

### Money, Not Religion.

"Oh, no, paying money does not make a man religious. He must go to church and live his religion. Take away a man's religion and you make him little more than an animal. Get some of these horrible ideas of infidelity and doubt and socialism worked out of the miners' minds, much as you work beer out at Carlsbad, and nurture a wholesome religious view of life, and conditions will be better."

Senator Martine inquired if the use of galling guns, armored cars and bloodhounds were some of the things that set the soul of the miners on fire. The bishop responded that he considered the use of those weapons best governed by the common law, which allowed the use of arms when the user was "backed to the wall."

### Not Interested in Mines.

The bishop denied that either individually or officially he was interested in West Virginia coal lands or mines.

Senator Martine asked the bishop what he would do to remedy conditions, if he had the power.

"First of all, I would require both operators and miners to go to church twice every Sunday," said the bishop. "I would have to arrive at the church with a hat and give them about eight beatitudes, and make them hang two or three in their homes, such as 'Blessed are the poor in spirit' and 'Blessed are the meek.' Those would cause them to forget to use the machine gun."

## JEROME AT COATICOOK; READY FOR HIS TRIAL

Justice Who Flayed Him to Have No Part in the Proceedings.

COATICOOK, Quebec, September 8.—William Travers Jerome stopped off the train from Montreal at noon, ready to appear in court this afternoon on a charge of gambling, on which he was arrested last week. A small crowd greeted him in silence. He made no statement and was taken at once to his hotel.

James McKee, the justice of the peace who signed the warrant for Jerome's arrest and flayed him in court when Jerome did not appear at the first hearing, had no part in today's proceedings. He was superseded by a district magistrate, H. W. Mulvena of Sherbrooke. Mulvena agreed yesterday to come here and preside.

### Prosecutor on Each Side.

A. C. Hanson, joint crown prosecutor for the district, was in charge of the prosecution; Jacob Nicol of Sherbrooke, crown prosecutor of the district, for the defense. This strange state of affairs developed out of Nicol's aiding the New York police in getting Thaw out of Sherbrooke jail.

He has since been identified with anti-interests and after denouncing Jerome's arrest as an outrage, volunteered to defend him.

It has strained the relations between him and his associate, Hanson, but the latter had no alternative but to prosecute.

### Evening Things Up.

"I got in a little trouble one time for playing cards in New Hampshire," he confessed, "and this will sort of even things up."

Thaw evinced great interest in the Jerome case, but could get no information from his guards. No one except his lawyers was allowed to see him, and most of them are in Montreal. It was still uncertain today when Thaw would be removed there.

## Sure? Sure!

You're sure of **real** juice of **real** mint leaves—

if you're sure you **see the spear** in buying Wrigley's **SPEARMINT**

You're sure of delicious aid to teeth, breath, appetite, digestion. You're sure of long-lasting enjoyment at low cost.

This fragrant pastime is one of the few things you like that you **should** like.

It's a blessing to smokers, the favorite of children, the pleasant occupation of almost everyone.



**BUY IT BY THE BOX**  
of twenty packages—it costs less—of any dealer—and stays fresh until used

Chew it after every meal

Look for the spear

## TRAIN SMASHES AUTO; TWO INSTANTLY KILLED

Fatal Accident on Old Dominion Railway Under Investigation by Coroner.

## SOUTHERNER CALLS IT "SWINDLE SERVICE"

Messrs. Bartlett and Thomas Wax Oratorical in Attacks on Civil Service.

Two southern democrats grew oratorical in the House today in an attempt to make holes in the civil service, both placed frankly the hand on the lever in getting democrats appointed to office. Representative Bartlett of Georgia had a deputy marshal in view, who is barred by the civil service, and Representative Thomas of Kentucky had no special office, but rather the entire democracy, which he favored going into offices now held by republicans.

### Denounces Taft Order.

Representative Bartlett inveighed mightily against the Taft order, which placed the United States deputy marshals and deputy collectors of revenue under the classified service. He described some of the alleged indignities to southerners under the civil service system.

"Why, they ask these deputy marshals all sorts of fool questions," exclaimed the Georgian, referring to examinations for the collector of revenue. "They make them reduce a common fraction to a decimal fraction. They ask them about some town in Ohio which even I, with all my experience, never heard of. What's the lot to do with a deputy marshal's job?"

### Barge and Crew Probably Lost.

NEWBURN, N. C., September 8.—The tug Helen, which has arrived here from Philadelphia, and which was delayed in Pamlico sound during Wednesday's storm, brought the story of the probable loss of the barge Berkes, from Newbern to Philadelphia, together with her crew, consisting of Capt. Derrickson and three men, names unknown, off Ocracoke Island. The Berkes and two other barges loaded with lumber for Philadelphia left here Monday in tow of the tug Kirkton.

## CHAMBER LAYS PLANS FOR ARMY-NAVY GAME

Committee Named to Canvass Prospects for Holding Foot Ball Classic Here.

## Not Money-Making Scheme.

The building of the stand would not be undertaken as a money-making scheme. Members of the convention committee said the seats should be sold at a price that will just cover the expenses of the undertaking. The money spent by the hundreds of people who would come to the city to witness the game will fully repay the merchants of the city who would subscribe to a fund to cover the initial expense of the stands, members of the committee say.

### South Carolina Governor Hears Part of Tariff Debate.

Gov. Cole held of interest on the floor of the Senate for a few minutes today during the discussion of the tariff bill. With broad-brimmed hat in hand, the South Carolina governor entered the chamber from the main door and sat for several minutes on one of the couches in the rear of the chamber until recognized by several southern senators, who greeted him.

### The Mount Lema Union Church, near Smoketown, Md., was dedicated Sunday afternoon, Rev. Mr. Crowell being in charge.